$\qquad$

## Genetics - X Linked Genes

**In fruit flies, eye color is a sex linked trait. Red is dominant to white.**

1. What are the sexes and eye colors of flies with the following genotypes?
$X^{R} X^{r}$ $\qquad$ $X^{R} Y$ $\qquad$ $X^{r} X^{r}$ $\qquad$
$X^{R} X^{R}$ $\qquad$ $X^{r} Y$ $\qquad$
2. What are the genotypes of these flies:
white eyed, male $\qquad$ red eyed female (heterozygous) $\qquad$
white eyed, female $\qquad$ red eyed, male $\qquad$
3. Show the cross of a white eyed female $X^{r} X^{r}$ with a red-eyed male $X^{R} Y$.
4. Show a cross between a pure red eyed female and a white eyed male. What are the genotypes of the parents:
$\qquad$ and $\qquad$
How many are:
white eyed, male $\qquad$ white eyed, female $\qquad$ red eyed, male $\qquad$ red eyed, female $\qquad$
5. Show the cross of a red eyed female (heterozygous) and a red eyed male.

What are the genotypes of the parents?
$\qquad$ \& $\qquad$
How many are:
white eyed, male $\qquad$ white eyed, female $\qquad$ red eyed, male $\qquad$ red eyed, female $\qquad$
Math: What if in the above cross, 100 males were produced and 200 females. How many total red-eyed flies would there be? $\qquad$

## Human Sex Linkage

6. In humans, hemophilia is a sex linked trait. Females can be normal, carriers, or have the disease. Males will either have the disease or not (but they won't ever be carriers)

$$
\begin{array}{ll}
X^{H} X^{H}=\text { female, normal } & X^{H} Y=\text { male, normal } \\
X^{H} X^{h}=\text { female, carrier } & X^{h} Y=\text { male, hemophiliac } \\
X^{h} X^{h}=\text { female, hemophiliac } &
\end{array}
$$

Show the cross of a man who has hemophilia with a woman who is a carrier.
What is the probability that their children will have the disease? $\qquad$
7. A woman who is a carrier marries a normal man. Show the cross. What is the probability that their children will have hemophilia? What sex will a child in the family with hemophilia be?
8. A woman who has hemophilia marries a normal man. How many of their children will have hemophilia, and what is their sex?

## Calico Cat Genetics

9. In cats, the gene for calico (multicolored) cats is codominant. Females that receive a $\mathbf{B}$ and an $\mathbf{R}$ gene have black and oRange splotches on white coats. Males can only be black or orange, but never calico.

Here's what a calico female's genotype would look like: $X^{B} X^{R}$
Show the cross of a female calico cat with a black male?
What percentage of the kittens will be black and male? $\qquad$
What percentage of the kittens will be calico and male?
What percentage of the kittens will be calico and female? $\qquad$
10. Show the cross of a female black cat, with a male orange cat.

What percentage of the kittens will be calico and female? $\qquad$ What color will all the male cats be?

